

# 3 Holdsworth Ave, St Leonards NSW

Residential

# **OPERATIONAL WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN**

12/11/2024 Report No. 6111 Revision C

Client

New Golden St Leonards

Architect

**PTW** 

https://www.ptw.com.au/





# ABN: 47 644 736 514 ELEPHANTS FOOT CONSULTING. PTY LTD

1300 456 374 | consulting@elephantsfoot.com.au www.elephantsfoot.com.au

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#### **GLOSSARY OF ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS**

RIPTION

Bin-Carting Route Travel path for transporting bins from their allocated storage location to

the nominated collection point

Bin Hoist A device used for lifting or lowering bins between different levels

Bin Lifter A device used to mechanically lift bins for the purpose of emptying them

into larger bins and/or compactors.

Bin Mover Either a handheld device (commonly referred to as a bin tug) or a ride-on

device (typically a tractor or Class C vehicle with an attached bin trailer) used to facilitate the movement of bins across long distances or up ramps

Bulk Bins Containers with a capacity greater than 1100L designed to be collected by

a front-loading vehicle

Bulky Waste Recycling items that are too large to be deposited into bins, including

furniture, whitegoods, electronics and mattresses

Chute A vertical pipe passing from floor to floor of a building with openings at

each level for the disposal of general waste, recycling or FOGO.

Chute Discharge The termination point of a chute whereby the chute offsets deposited

general waste, recycling or FOGO into bins

Chute Discharge

Room

A room enclosing the termination point of the chute/s, including bins and

volume handling equipment that is accessible only to the building

caretaker

Collection Designated area or point where bins are loaded onto the collection vehicle

Area/Point for servicing

Compactor A device used for compressing general waste inside it's bin typically at a

ratio of 2:1

Comingled Recycling Waste stream for the recycling of plastic bottles, other plastics, paper,

glass and metal containers

Communal Bin Room A central, shared bin room accessible to all residents or staff to dispose of

their waste stream

DA Development Application

DCP Development Control Plan

eDiverter A single chute fitted with a diversion system to allow two separate waste

streams (typically general waste and recycling) to be disposed of

concurrently.

EPA Environment Protect Authority

FOGO Food Organics and Garden Organics

General Waste All non-recyclable and non-hazardous waste that is sent to landfill

HRV Heavy Rigid Vehicle



Kerbside Collection A collection arrangement whereby bins are presented in a single row along

the kerb and serviced by a collection vehicle on the street.

L Litre

LEP Local Environmental Plan

A development comprising a combination of both residential and Mixed Use Development commercial units or two or more different land uses within the one

development.

Mobile Bins Containers with a capacity up to and including 1100L designed to be

collected by a rear-loading vehicle

Multi-unit Residential

Also known as MUD's, residential flat buildings, or apartment blocks, this is a residential development with multiple units that typically share Development

facilities and services such as bins and collections.

MRV Medium Rigid Vehicle

Onsite Collection A collection arrangement whereby all bins are serviced by a collection

vehicle within the property boundary, either in the building's basement or

at grade and off-street.

Owners Corporation An organisation or group of persons that is identified by a particular name

and that acts, or may act, as an entity

Paper/ Cardboard

Recycling

Waste stream for the recycling of paper and cardboard only.

Recycling Waste stream that combines all recycling, including comingled recycling,

paper/cardboard and metals.

Ro-Ro Compactor

Unit

A large, portable compactor unit which is collected and serviced by a hook

lift vehicle

Service Bins Supplementary bins which are provided to residents or staff for use during

collection periods either in communal bin rooms or under chutes

Source Separation

Receptacles

Communal containers used throughout the development for the day-to-day

disposal of different waste streams

SRV Small Rigid Vehicle

Volume Handling

Equipment

Equipment which comes in the form of either carousel or linear tracks positioned at the base of the chute/s to mechanically replace full bins with

empty bins

Waste Stream A classification used to describe waste of a particular type (eg. food waste

stream)

WHS Workplace Health and Safety

Wheel-Out Wheel

Back

A collection arrangement whereby a collection vehicle parks on the street and collection staff exit the vehicle to wheel each bin from a designated

storage area to the vehicle for servicing and returns them upon completion.



#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Elephants Foot Consulting (EFC) has been engaged to prepare the following Operational Waste Management Plan (OWMP) to satisfy the conditions of the Development Application Lane Cove Municipal Council requires for the residential development located at 3 Holdsworth Ave, St Leonards NSW 2065.

Robust waste management strategies are required for new developments to support the design and sustainable performance of the building. It is EFC's belief that a successful waste management strategy contains three key objectives:

- *i.* **Promote responsible source separation** to reduce the amount of waste that goes to landfill by implementing convenient and efficient waste management systems.
- *Ensure adequate waste and recycling provisions and procedures* are established that will cater for potential changes during the operational phase of the development.
- iii. **Comply** with all relevant council codes, policies, and guidelines.

To achieve these objectives, this OWMP identifies and details the following components:

- Waste streams expected to be generated onsite and anticipated volumes;
- Suitable bin sizes and quantities;
- Waste and recycling disposal procedures;
- Bin room size estimations and equipment recommendations; and
- · Waste collection strategies, locations and frequencies.

It is vital that this OWMP is integrated into the overall management of the building and is clearly communicated to all relevant stakeholders.

#### 1.1 SCOPE OF REPORT

This OWMP only applies to the **operational** phase of the proposed development; therefore, the requirements outlined in this OWMP must be implemented during the operational phase of the site and may be subject to review upon further expansion of, and/or changes to the development.

The waste management of the **construction** and **demolition** phases of the development are not addressed in this report. A construction and demolition WMP is provided separately.



#### 1.2 REPORT CONDITIONS

The purpose of this report is to document an OWMP as part of a development application, which is supplied by EFC with the following limitations:

- Drawings, estimates and information contained in this OWMP have been prepared by analysing the information, plans and documents supplied by the client and third parties including Council and other government agencies. The assumptions based on the information contained in the OWMP is outside the control of EFC,
- The figures presented in the report are an estimate only the actual amount of waste generated will be dependent on the occupancy rate of the building/s and waste generation intensity as well as the building management's approach to educating residents and tenants regarding waste management operations and responsibilities,
- The building manager will adjust waste management operations as required based on actual waste volumes (e.g. if waste is greater than estimated) and increase the number of bins and collections accordingly,
- The report will not be used to determine or forecast operational costs or prepare any feasibility study or to document any safety or operational procedures,
- The report has been prepared with all due care; however no assurance is made that
  the OWMP reflects the actual outcome of the proposed waste facilities, services, and
  operations, and EFC will not be liable for plans or results that are not suitable for
  purpose due to incorrect or unsuitable information or otherwise,
- EFC offer no warranty or representation of accuracy or reliability of the OWMP unless specifically stated,
- Any manual handling equipment recommended in this OWMP should be provided at the recommendation of the appropriate equipment provider who will assess the correct equipment for supply,
- Design of waste management chute equipment and systems must be approved by the supplier,
- EFC cannot be held accountable for late changes to the design after the OWMP has been submitted to Council.
- EFC will provide specifications and recommendations on bin access and travel paths
  within the OWMP, however it is the architect's responsibility to ensure the architectural
  drawings meet these provisions,
- EFC are not required to provide information on collection vehicle swept paths, head heights, internal manoeuvring or loading requirements. It is assumed this information will be provided by a traffic consultant,
- Council are subject to changing waste and recycling policies and requirements at their own discretion.
- This OWMP is only finalised once the draft watermark has been removed. If the draft watermark is present, the information in the OWMP is not confirmed.



#### 2.0 LEGISLATION & GUIDANCE

Waste management and resource recovery regulation in Australia is administered by the Australian Constitution, Commonwealth laws, and international agreements. State and territory governments maintain primary responsibility for controlling development and regulating waste. The following legislation has been enacted in New South Wales, and provides the lawful underpinnings of this OWMP.

- NSW Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979
- NSW Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
- NSW Waste Avoidance & Resource Recovery Act 2001

At the local level, councils or Local Government Areas (LGAs) require OWMPs to be included in new development applications. This OWMP is specifically required by:

- Lane Cove Development Control Plan 2010
- Lane Cove Local Environmental Plan 2009

The primary purpose of a Development Control Plan (DCP) is to guide the planning process according to the aims of the corresponding local environmental plan (LEP). The DCP must be read in conjunction with the provisions of the relevant LEP.

Information provided in this OWMP comes from a wide range of waste management guidance at the local, state, and federal levels. The primary sources of guidance include:

- Lane Cove Development Control Plan 2010 Part Q: Waste Management & Minimisation
- NSW Better Practice Guide For Resource Recovery In Residential Developments 2019
- NSW Better Practice Guidelines for Waste Management and Recycling in Commercial and Industrial Facilities 2012
- NSW Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery (WARR) Strategy 2014-2021
- NSW Waste Classification Guidelines 2014
- Australia's National Waste Policy 2018



# 3.0 DEVELOPMENT OVERVIEW

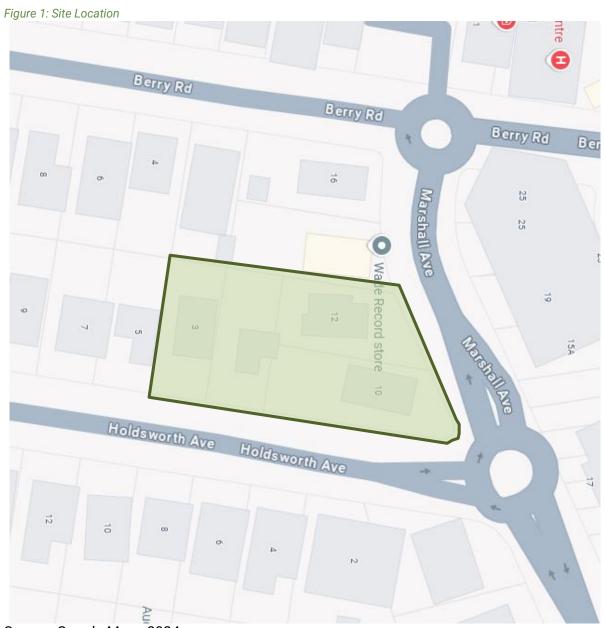
The proposed development falls under the LGA of Lane Cove Municipal Council, and consists of:

- 1 building with 18 levels
  - o 120 residential units in total

All figures and calculations are based on area schedules as advised by our client and shown on architectural drawings.

#### 3.1 SITE LOCATION

The site is located at 3 Holdsworth Ave, St Leonards NSW 2065, as shown in Figure.1 (boundaries are indicative only). The site has frontages to Marshall Ave and Holdsworth Ave, with vehicle access via Holdsworth Ave.



Source: Google Maps 2024



#### 4.0 RESIDENTIAL WASTE MANAGEMENT

The following section outlines best practice waste management for the residential component of the development, including waste stream generation estimates and disposal and collection procedures.

#### 4.1 WASTE GENERATION ESTIMATES

The Lane Cove Development Control Plan 2010 – Part Q: Waste Management & Minimisation has been referenced to calculate the total number of general waste and recycling bins and the NSW EPA's Better Practice Guide for Resource Recovery in Residential Developments (2019) has been referenced to calculate the total number of FOGO bins.

Calculations are based on generic general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and Food Organics and Garden Organics (FOGO) rates. Actual volumes of general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and FOGO generated in operation may differ according to the residents' actual waste management practices.

The following tables show the estimated volume (L) of general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and FOGO generated by the development.

Table 1: Estimated Waste and FOGO Volumes

# Units	General Waste Generation Rate (L/unit/week)	Generated General Waste (L/week)	Compacted Generated General Waste (L/week)	FOGO Waste Generation Rate (L/unit/week)	Generated FOGO Waste (L/week)
120	80	9600	4800	25	3000
Bins & Collections	General Waste Bin Size (L)	660	660	FOGO Waste Bin Size (L)	240
	General Waste Bins per Day	2.1	1.0	FOGO Waste Bins per Day	1.8
	General Waste Collections per Week	1	1	FOGO Waste Collections per Week	1
	Total General Waste Bins Required	15	8	Total FOGO Waste Bins Required	13

<u>Note</u>: At the time of writing, Council do not have an active FOGO collection service. Provision for FOGO bins at this development have been included to account for a future FOGO collection service.



Table 2: Estimated Recycling Volumes - Residential

# Units	Comingled Recycling Generation Rate (L/unit/week)	Generated Comingled Recycling (L/week)	Paper/ Cardboard Recycling Generation Rate (L/unit/week)	Generated Paper/ Cardboard Recycling (L/week)
120	20	2400	20	2400
Bins & Collections	Comingled Recycling Bin Size (L)	660	Paper/ Cardboard Recycling Bin Size (L)	660
	Comingled Recycling Bins per Day	0.5	Paper/ Cardboard Recycling Bins per Day	0.5
	Comingled Recycling Collections per Week	1	Paper/ Cardboard Recycling Collections per Week	1
	Total Comingled Recycling Bins Required	4	Total Paper/ Cardboard Recycling Bins Required	4

#### 4.2 BIN SUMMARY

Based on the estimated volumes of general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and FOGO generated by this development, the recommended bin quantities and collection frequencies are as follows:

General Waste: 8 x 660L bins collected 1 x weekly

Paper/Cardboard Recycling: 4 x 660L bins collected 1 x weekly

Comingled Recycling: 4 x 660L bins collected 1 x weekly

FOGO: 13 x 240L bins collected 1 x weekly

During operation, it is the responsibility of the building manager to monitor the number of bins required for the residential component of the development. General waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and FOGO volumes may change according to residents' attitudes to waste disposal, building occupancy levels or the development's management. Any requirements for adjusting the capacity of the waste facilities may be achieved by changing the number of bins, the bin sizes or collection frequencies. Building management will be required to negotiate any changes to bins or collections with the collection service provider.



#### 4.3 CHUTE DISCHARGE EQUIPMENT SUMMARY

It is strongly recommended that the bins and equipment at the base of each chute allows for at least 2 days' worth of general waste generation. Based on the estimated general waste volumes generated by the development, the following equipment is recommended:

Table 3: Chute Discharge Equipment Summary

Volume Handling Equipment				
	General Waste			
Generated General Waste (L/week)	# 660L Bins Required for 2 days' Capacity	Recommended Chute Discharge Equipment		
4800	2.08	3-Bin Linear System		

The above is a recommendation only and equivalent volume handling equipment may be used subject to equipment supplier's recommendation/review.

#### 4.4 WASTE DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

All residents will have access to a storage area within their own unit capable of holding separate receptacles for general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and FOGO. This is typically located within kitchen areas beneath the workbench. This space should be sized to accommodate 40L receptacles (minimum) to account for 2 days' worth of general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and 20L for FOGO storage.

#### 4.4.1 GENERAL WASTE AND RECYCLING DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

A single general waste chute will be installed in the building with access provided to all residents on each residential level. Separate 240L recycling bins will be provided in a compartment adjacent to the general waste chute for the storage of paper/cardboard recycling and comingled recycling. Residents on the lower ground level will need to use separate 240L bins for each waste stream, as they won't have access to the chutes. These bins will be located in a dedicated bin room for LG residents. The Building Manager or Caretaker will then decant the waste into the appropriate 660L bins in the bin holding room as needed.

Residents will be responsible for walking their own general waste, paper/cardboard recycling and comingled recycling to their allocated disposal point on each level and placing their general waste into the general waste chute and paper/cardboard recycling and comingled recycling into the allocated 240L recycling bins.

Residents will wrap or bag their general waste before placing in the chute. Bagged waste should not exceed 3kg in weight, or 35cm x 35cm. Residents will be responsible for loosely placing their paper/cardboard recycling and comingled recycling into the 240L bins. These should be clean and must not be bagged as soft plastics contaminate recycling.

The general waste will discharge from the chute into 660L bins on linear tracks in the chute discharge room located on the lower ground level. General waste will be compacted.

The building manager will monitor bin capacities under the general waste chute and exchange full bins with empty bins on the track systems when required. Paper/cardboard recycling and comingled recycling bins on each level will also be monitored by the building caretaker and



full bins will be decanted into 660L bins in the bin holding room. Full and spare bins will be kept in the bin holding room.

#### 4.4.2 FOGO DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

The majority of organics waste generated from multi-unit residential developments comprises of food waste as opposed to garden waste. As such, calculations and management recommendations provided in this report considers that FOGO bins will primarily comprise of food organics.

The residents of each unit will be provided with a kitchen caddy for the separation of FOGO. Food organics must be contained in accordance with Lane Cove Municipal Council's future FOGO collection service procedures (for example a compostable liner). Any clippings from residential units can also be disposed of with the FOGO.

The building will be provided with a communal FOGO bin room which contains 240L bins for FOGO. The residents will be responsible for walking their own FOGO down to the Communal FOGO Bin Room and placing it into the bins.

Building management is responsible for ensuring that the Communal FOGO Bin Room and FOGO bins are washed down frequently to ensure that hygiene and odour is managed.

#### 4.5 BIN COLLECTION PROCEDURES

Council will be engaged to collect the residential general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and FOGO in accordance with Council's collection schedule. This report assumes that all waste streams will be collected weekly.

Prior to collections, the Building Manager/Caretaker will be responsible for transporting the bins from chute discharge room and each residential level to the allocated bin holding room located on the lower ground level. The Building Manager/Caretaker is also responsible for ensuring that the bins are adequately arranged for an efficient collection.

It is the responsibility of the caretaker to ensure that the loading area is clear of any vehicles or obstructions prior to waste collection.

On the day of collection, a Council collection vehicle will enter the site from Holdsworth Ave and park in the loading bay. The Building Manager/Caretaker will be responsible for ensuring that the collection staff have access to the collection point. The collection staff will exit the vehicle and collect the bins from the bin holding room and return the empty bins once serviced.

Upon completion of servicing, the collection vehicle will exit the site onto Holdsworth Ave in a forward direction. The Building Manager/Caretaker is responsible for returning the bins to their operational location to resume use.

All access and clearances to the collection point must be able to accommodate Council's collection vehicle.



#### 4.6 OTHER WASTE MANAGEMENT CONSIDERATIONS

The following sections outline other waste management considerations for the residential components.

#### 4.6.1 RESIDENTIAL COMMON AREAS

Residential common areas will be supplied with suitably branded source separation receptacles where considered appropriate. Receptacles should be placed in convenient locations which are accessible to all residents. The building manager will monitor the capacity of these receptacles and empty the contents into the central collection bins as required.

#### 4.6.2 LANDSCAPED AREAS AND GARDEN ORGANICS

Garden organics generated from surrounding landscaped areas and indoor foliage typically consists of lawn clippings, cuttings, leaves and branches.

Garden organics generated from surrounding landscaped areas will be managed and removed from the site by the designated landscaping contractors as they carry out scheduled landscaping maintenance works.

Garden organics generated from within residential units will be managed by the residents and should be disposed of into the FOGO bins.

#### 4.6.3 RESIDENTIAL BULKY WASTE PROCEDURES

An area will be made available for the storage of discarded residential bulky waste items (e.g. whitegoods, furniture, etc.). This room should be located within close proximity of the collection point and must have a minimum doorway width of 1.7m to facilitate the movement of large items in and out of the room.

Lane Cove Municipal Council requires that size of the Bulky Waste Room provided is 30m<sup>2</sup> minimum.

Residents will need to liaise with building management regarding the transportation of bulky items and the availability of the bulky waste room. It is the caretaker's responsibility to arrange collection dates with Council and coordinate these times with the residents.

On the day of bulky waste collection, a Council collection vehicle will enter the site from Holdsworth Ave and park in the loading bay. Collection staff will collect the bulky waste items from the bulky waste room. Once bulky items have been loaded onto the vehicle, the collection vehicle will exit the site onto Holdsworth Ave in a forward direction.



# 5.0 STAKEHOLDER ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES

The following table outlines the primary roles and responsibilities of the respective stakeholders:

Table 4: Stakeholder Roles and Responsibilities

Roles	Responsibilities
Strata, Body Corporate or Management	<ul> <li>Co-ordinate the waste strategy within the site.</li> <li>Ensure all waste service providers submit monthly reports on all equipment movements and waste quantities/weights.</li> <li>Organise internal waste audits/visual assessments on a regular basis.</li> <li>Purchase any on-going waste management equipment or maintenance of equipment once building is operational; and</li> <li>Manage any non-compliances/complaints reported through waste audits.</li> </ul>
Building Manager or Waste Caretaker	<ul> <li>Co-ordinate general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and FOGO collections</li> <li>Clean and transport bins as required.</li> <li>Maintain and clean chute doors on each level.</li> <li>Organise replacement or maintenance requirements for bins.</li> <li>Organise, maintain and clean bin storage areas.</li> <li>Organise bulky waste collections when required.</li> <li>Investigate and ensure prompt clean-up of illegally dumped waste materials.</li> <li>Prevent storm water pollution by taking necessary precautions (secure bin rooms, prevent overfilling of bins).</li> <li>Abide by all relevant WH&amp;S legislation, regulations, and guidelines.</li> <li>Provide staff/contractors with equipment manuals, training, health and safety procedures, risk assessments, and PPE to control hazards associated with all waste management.</li> <li>Assess any manual handling risks and prepare a manual handling control plan for bin transfers.</li> <li>Ensure site safety for residents, children, visitors, staff and contractors; and</li> <li>Ensure effective signage, communication and education is provided to occupants, tenants, maintenance staff, and cleaning contractors.</li> </ul>
Residents	<ul> <li>Dispose of all general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and FOGO in the allocated chutes and/or bins provided.</li> <li>Ensure adequate separation of general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and FOGO; and</li> <li>Comply with the provisions of Council and the OWMP.</li> </ul>
Waste Collection Contractor	<ul> <li>Provide a reliable and appropriate bin collection service.</li> <li>Provide feedback to building managers/residents regarding contamination of recyclables; and</li> <li>Work with building managers to customise waste systems where possible.</li> </ul>
Gardening/ Landscaping Contractor	Remove all garden organics generated during gardening maintenance activities for recycling at an offsite location.
Developer	Purchase all equipment required to implement this OWMP prior to the occupation of the building to be provided to the Strata or Body Corporate.



#### 6.0 SOURCE SEPARATION

Better practice waste management includes the avoidance, reuse, and recovery of unwanted items, which can be achieved through source separation. The table below outlines what is typically included in various waste streams and how they can be managed. Refer to your local council for a list of accepted materials. Planet Ark can be accessed online to find other facilities that recover unwanted items.

Table 5: Operational Waste Streams

Waste Stream	Description	Typical Destination	Waste Stream Management
General Waste	The remaining portion of the waste stream that is not recovered for reuse, processing, or recycling. May include soft plastics, food scraps, polystyrene, etc.	Landfill	Waste should be bagged before placing in chutes.
Paper and Cardboard Recycling	Cardboard and paper products are recyclable materials that can be reprocessed into new products.	Resource Recovery Centre	Bulky cardboard must not be placed in any chute. Cardboard should be flattened before placing in the designated cardboard bin.
Commingled Recycling	A mixture of items that are commonly recycled usually segregated through a MRF. Typically include food and beverage containers (e.g. aluminium, glass, steel, hard plastics, cartons).	Materials Recovery Facility (MRF)	Commingled recycling must not be bagged, and instead should be placed loosely in the designated recycling bins.
FOGO	FOGO consists of unwanted or uneaten kitchen scraps that are easily compostable/biodegradable (e.g. vegetable peels, fruit rinds, coffee grounds) and garden organics including lawn clippings, leaves, pruning's and branches.	Composting Facility	FOGO should be bagged in compostable liners when deposited into the bins and will be collected by Council.
Garden Organics	Garden organics consists of unwanted organic materials that are easily biodegradable and/or compostable (e.g. lawn clippings, branches)	Resource Recovery Centre	Landscape Maintenance Contractors will remove the garden organics from site during scheduled maintenance.
Electronic Waste	Discarded e-waste, electronic components and materials such as computers, mobile phones, keyboards, etc.	Resource Recovery Centre	Building manager arranges collection for e-waste recycling as needed by residents.
Bulky Waste Items	Items that are to too large to place into general rubbish collection. This includes disused and/or broken furniture, mattresses, white goods, etc.	Resource Recovery Centre or Landfill	Residents liaise with building manager to store in Bulky Goods Room. Building manager arranges with Council for removal.
Other	Other recyclable items that require special recovery may include ink cartridges, batteries, chemical waste, fluorescent tubes, etc.	Resource Recovery Facility	Building manager arranges collection by appropriate recycling services when required.



#### 7.0 EDUCATION

Educational material encouraging correct separation of general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and FOGO must be provided to each resident. This should include the correct disposal process for bulky waste such as old furniture, large discarded items, and other materials including electronic and chemical wastes. It is recommended that the building caretaker provide information in multiple languages to support correct behaviours, and to minimise the possibility of chute blockages and contamination in communal bins.

Education and communication must be provided consistently on a regular basis to encourage behaviour change and account for transient building personnel such as new residents, tenants, or cleaning staff. It is also recommended that the owners' corporation website contain information for residents' referral regarding use of the chute. Information should include:

- Directions on using the chute doors;
- Descriptions of items accepted in the general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling and FOGO streams (refer to Council guidance);
- How to dispose of bulky waste and any other items that are not general waste, paper/cardboard recycling, comingled recycling or FOGO (refer to Council guidance);
- · Residents' obligations to health and safety as well as building management; and
- How to prevent damage or blockages to the chute (example below).

#### 7.1 SIGNAGE

Signage and education are essential components to support best practice waste management including resource recovery, source separation, and diversion of waste from landfill.

Signage should include:

- Clear and correctly labelled bins,
- Instructions for separating and disposing of waste items. Different languages should be considered,
- Locations of, and directions to, the waste storage areas with directional signs, arrows, or lines.
- The identification of all hazards or potential dangers associated with the waste facilities, and
- Emergency contact information should there be issues with the waste systems or services in the building.

The building manager is responsible for waste room signage including safety signage. Appropriate signage must be prominently displayed on doors, walls and above all bins, clearly stating what type of waste or recyclables is to be placed in each bin.

All chute doors on all residential levels will be labelled with signs directing chute operations and use of chute door.

All signage should conform to the relevant Australian Standards.



#### 8.0 POLLUTION PREVENTION

Building management shall be responsible for the following to minimise dispersion of site litter and prevent stormwater pollution to avoid impact to the environment and local amenity:

- Promoting adequate waste disposal into the bins
- Securing all bin rooms (whilst affording access to staff/contractors)
- Prevent overfilling of bins, keep all bin lids closed and bungs leak-free
- Taking action to prevent dumping or unauthorised use of waste areas
- Require collection contractor/s to clean up any spillage when clearing bins

#### 9.0 BIN WASHING

The bins will be cleaned by the building manager periodically to ensure hygiene and minimise odour.

Bin washing can occur within the bin rooms, using the room clean down facilities (i.e tap connection and drain). Alternatively, a specialist bin washing contractor can be engaged to clean the bins to an agreed schedule. The specialist bin contractor would collect the bins from the bin holding area and clean the bins with their specialised vehicle.

#### 10.0 BIN MOVING PATHS

Minimal movement of bins is anticipated for this site, as bins are to be collected directly from their storage location. The building manager will be responsible for any transportation of bins that does occur.

Any movement of bins should minimise manual handling where possible, as bins become heavy when full. The building manager must assess manual handling risks and provide any relevant documentation to key personal.

The routes along any bin moving paths should;

- Allow for a continuous route that is wholly within the property boundary.
- Be free from obstruction and obstacles such as steps and kerbs.
- Be constructed of solid materials with a non-slip surface
- Be A minimum of 300mm wider than the largest bin used onsite.
- If bins are moved manually, the route must not exceed a grade of 1:14.
- If a bin moving device is used, the route cannot exceed the maximum operating grade of the device. This is typically a grade of 1:4, however this will vary depending on the model of bin moving device acquired for the site.



# 11.0 EQUIPMENT SUMMARY

Table 6: Equipment Summary

	Part	Qty	Notes
Chutes	Please refer to supplier's information	1	(See APPENDIX: B.1 for Typical Single Chute Layout)
Chute Equipment	General Waste 3-bin 660L bin Linear Track System with Compactor	1	(See APPENDIX: B.3 for Typical Linear System)
Other Equipment	Bin Lifter (to decant 240L recycling bins into 1100L bins for collection)	1	(See APPENDIX: D.5 for Typical Bin Lifter)



#### 12.0 WASTE ROOMS

The areas allocated for waste storage and collection areas are detailed in the table below and are estimates only.

The equipment recommended in the chute discharge rooms is to manage 2 days' worth of estimated general waste from that building core. Therefore, this represents the minimum equipment required in these rooms to satisfy best practice requirements. Additional bins or volume handling equipment can be included in these rooms to increase days of capacity or manual labour required in operation.

Table 7: Waste Room Areas

Level	Waste Room Type	Equipment	Estimated Area Required (m²)
LG	Chute Discharge Room	1 x 3-bin 660L bin Linear Track System  General Waste: 3 x 660L bins	>23
LG	LG Residents Bin Room	General Waste: 1 x 240L bins Paper/Cardboard Recycling: 1 x 240L bins Comingled Recycling: 1 x 240L bins	>3
LG	Bin Holding Room	General Waste: 8 x 660L bins Paper/Cardboard Recycling: 4 x 660L bins Comingled Recycling: 4 x 660L bins FOGO: 13 x 240L bins 1 x 240L Bin Lifter	>44
LG	Bulky Waste Room		>30

EFC recommends bins sizes, collection frequencies and/or equipment for best practice waste management at this site, however EFC also acknowledges there are a range of other suitable options that may alter waste room requirements (e.g. floor area, accessibility, head height, etc.)

The waste room areas have been calculated based on equipment requirements and/or bin dimensions with an additional 90% of bin GFA factored in for manoeuvrability.

In addition, all doorways and passageways facilitating the movement of bins and/or bulky waste items must be at least 1700mm wide.



# The following table provides further waste room requirements.

Table 8: Waste Room Requirements

Waste Room Type	Waste Room Requirements
Chute Discharge Room	<ul> <li>Ceiling clearance height must be a minimum of 3100mm with compactor (subject to penetration location)</li> <li>The chute penetration must have a minimum 500mm clearance of any service pipes or other overhead obstacles</li> <li>All chute discharge points should be caged off to ensure the safety of any personnel accessing the waste room</li> <li>200mm clearance is required around compaction equipment</li> <li>Where a chute offset is required, the angle of the offset must not exceed 30 degrees (subject to number of consecutive offset and/or up to 1500mm)</li> </ul>
Residential Bin Holding Room and/or Bin Collection Area	Bins must not be stacked in rows that are more than two bins deep.
Communal FOGO Rooms	<ul> <li>Bins should be arranged so that all bins are accessible. Bins are not to be placed in front of one another or in such a way as to restrict access to the other bins for use.</li> <li>Rooms must be well ventilated either naturally or mechanically in accordance with AS1668.4.2012</li> <li>Cleaning facilities such as hose hock and drainage for odour and hygiene control must be provided.</li> <li>It is recommended a dustpan and broom is provided in this room for residents to clean up unexpected spillages when using bins.</li> </ul>
Bulky Waste Room	<ul> <li>May be a dedicated room or screened area within another waste room</li> <li>Must be in close proximity to the collection area</li> <li>Area must also be allocated for the segregation of e-waste, gas bottles, cardboard, etc.</li> <li>Doorway should be a minimum of 1700mm wide</li> </ul>



#### 13.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Waste room construction must comply with the minimum standards as outlined in the *Lane Cove Development Control Plan 2010*, in order to minimise odours, deter vermin, protect surrounding areas, and make it a user-friendly and safe area.

The NSW Better practice guide for resource recovery in residential developments (2019) also states that better practice bin storage areas should achieve more than the minimum compliance requirements, which are as follows:

- Ensuring BCA compliance, including ventilation. Where required, ventilation system must comply with AS1668.4-2012 The use of ventilation and air conditioning in buildings.
- Ensuring storage areas are well lit (sensor lighting preferred) and have lighting available 24 hours a day.
- Provision of bin washing facilities, including taps for hot and cold water provided through a centralised mixing valve. The taps must be protected from bins and be located where they can be easily accessed even when the area is at bin capacity.
- Floor constructed of concrete at least 75mm thick.
- Floor graded so that any water is directed to a sewer authority approved drainage connection to ensure washing bins and/or waste storage areas do not discharge flow into the stormwater drain.
- Provision of smooth, cleanable and durable floor and wall surfaces that extend up the wall to a height equivalent to any bins held in the area.
- Ensuring ceilings are finished with a smooth-faced non-absorbent material capable of being cleaned.
- All surfaces (walls, ceiling and floors) finished in a light colour.

#### 13.1 ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Waste room floor to be sealed with a two-pack epoxy;
- All corners coved and sealed 1,200mm up, this is to eliminate build-up of dirt;
- Hot and cold water tap height and light switch height of 1.6m;
- Storm water access preventatives (grate);
- All walls painted with light colour and washable paint;
- Equipment electric outlets to be installed 1700mm above finished floor level;
- Optional automatic odour and pest control system installed
- If 660L or 1100L bins are utilised, 2 x 820mm (minimum) double-doors must be used;
- All personnel doors are hinged, lockable and self-closing;
- Conform to the Building Code of Australia, Australian standards and local laws; and
- Childproofing and public/operator safety shall be assessed and ensured
- Waste and recycling rooms must have their own exhaust ventilation system either;
  - Mechanically exhausting at a rate of 5L/m² floor area, with a minimum rate of 100L/s minimum. Mechanical exhaust systems shall comply with AS1668.4.2012 and not cause any inconvenience, noise or odour problem; or
  - Naturally permanent, unobstructed, and opening direct to the external air, not less than one-twentieth (1/20) of the floor area.



#### 14.0 USEFUL CONTACTS

EFC does not warrant or make representation for goods or services provided by suppliers.

LOCAL COUNCIL	
---------------	--

Lane Cove Council **Customer Service** 

Ph: (02) 9911 3555

E: <a href="mailto:service@lanecove.nsw.gov.au">service@lanecove.nsw.gov.au</a>

#### PRIVATE WASTE COLLECTION PROVIDER

Capital City Waste Services

Sydney Waste

Ph: 02 9599 9999 Ph: 02 8661 0031

E: service@ccws.net.au

Waste Clear Ph: 1300 525 352 E: admin@wastecleart.com.au

**BIN MOVING DEVICE SUPPLIERS** 

**Elephants Foot Equipment** 

Sitecraft

Ph: 1300 435 374 Ph: 1300 363 152 E: equipment@elephantsfoot.com.au

E: sales@sitecraft.com.au

**BALER SUPPLIERS** 

**Elephants Foot Equipment** 

Ph: 1300 435 374

E: equipment@elephantsfoot.com.au

**ORGANIC DIGESTERS AND DEHYDRATORS** 

**Elephants Foot Equipment** 

Waste Master

Ph: 1300 435 374 Ph: 1800 614 272

E: <a href="mailto:equipment@elephantsfoot.com.au">equipment@elephantsfoot.com.au</a> E: hello@wastemasterpacific.com.au

**COOKING OIL CONTAINERS AND DISPOSAL** 

Cookers Auscol

Ph: 1300 882 299 Ph: 1800 629 476

E: info@cookers.com.au

E: sales@auscol.com

**ODOUR CONTROL** 

**Elephants Foot Equipment** 

Ph: 1300 435 374

E: equipment@elephantsfoot.com.au

**SOURCE SPERATION BINS** 

Method Recycling

Ph: 0499 890 455

**BINS AND BIN EQUIPMENT** 

**Elephants Foot Equipment** 

**SULO** 

Ph: 1300 435 374 Ph: 1300 364 388 E: equipment@elephantsfoot.com.au

E: sulosales@pactgroup.com

**CHUTES, COMPACTORS AND EDIVERTER SYSTEMS** 

**Elephants Foot Chute Solutions** 

Ph: 1300 435 374

E: chutes@elephantsfoot.com.au



APPENDIX A: ARCHITECTURAL PLANS



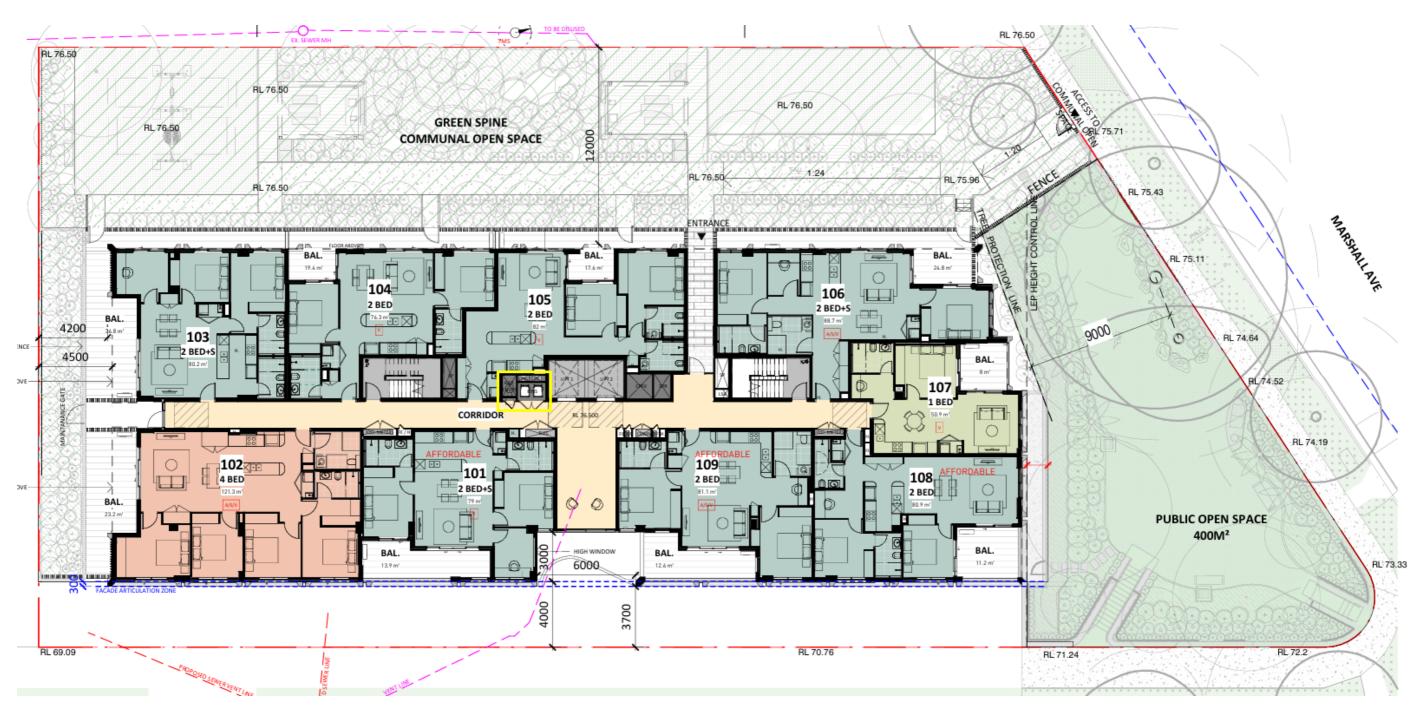
#### APPENDIX: A.1 GROUND FLOOR PLAN



Source: PTW, DA-10-0001, Rev. M, October 2024 - LOWER GROUND PLAN



#### APPENDIX: A.2 TYPICAL FLOOR PLAN: LEVEL 1

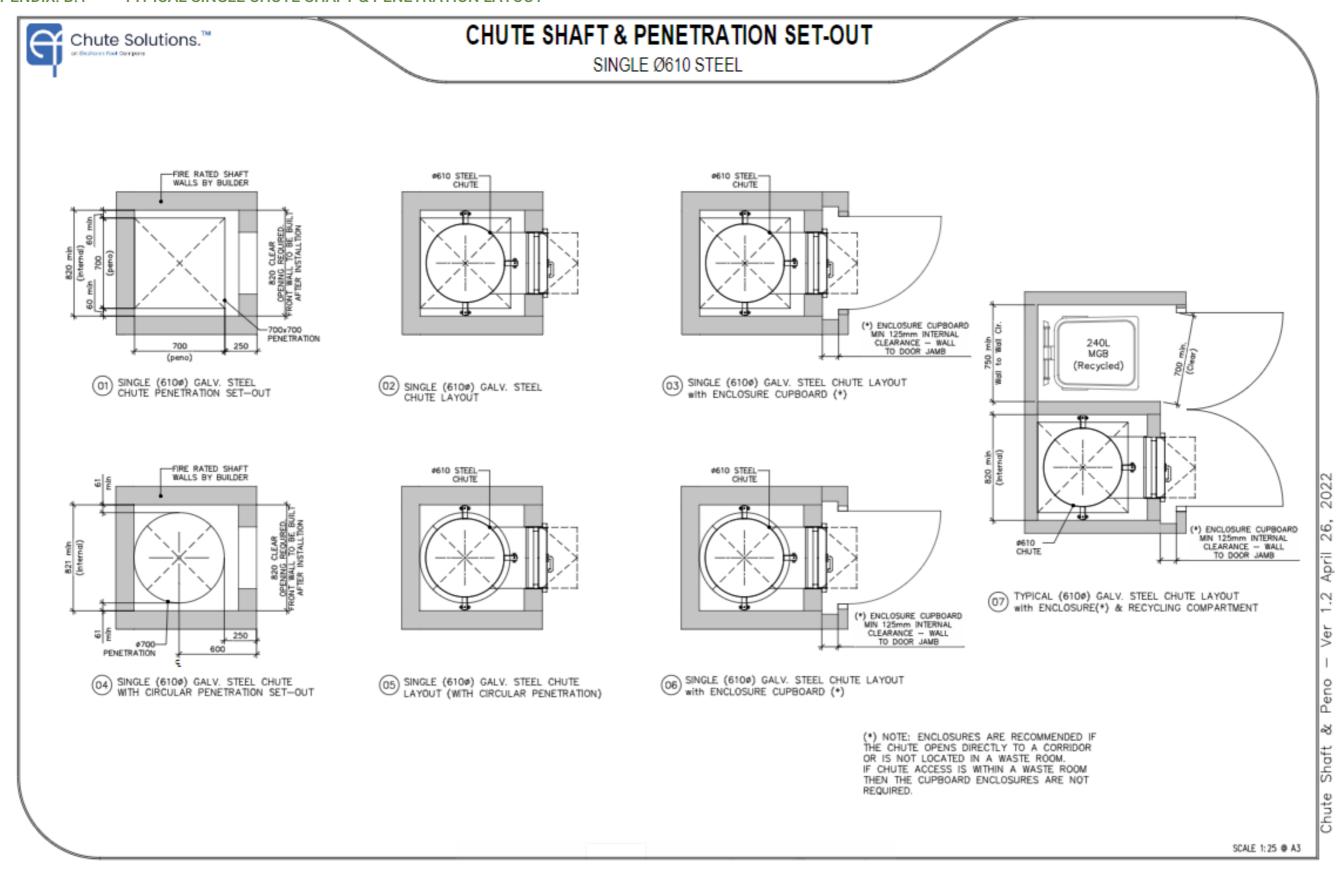


Source: PTW, DA-10-0004, Rev. H, October 2024 - LEVEL 01 PLAN



APPENDIX B: INSTALLATION EQUIPMENT

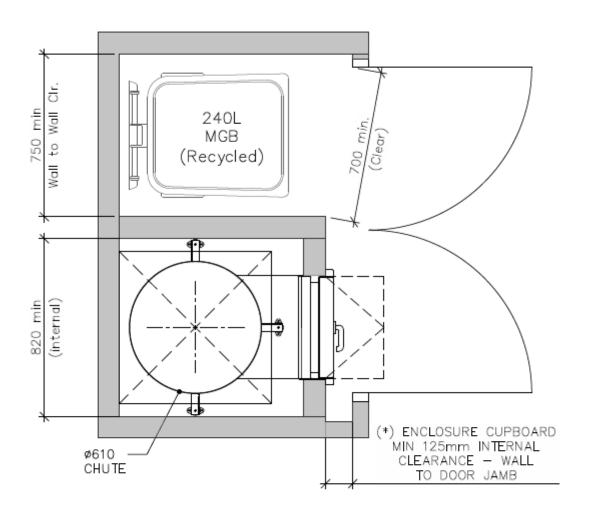
#### APPENDIX: B.1 TYPICAL SINGLE CHUTE SHAFT & PENETRATION LAYOUT



Please Note: This is an example only – please refer to supplier's information and specification.



#### APPENDIX: B.2 EXAMPLE RESIDENTIAL LEVEL RECYCLING BIN LAYOUT



O7 TYPICAL (6100) GALV. STEEL CHUTE LAYOUT with ENCLOSURE(\*) & RECYCLING COMPARTMENT

Please Note: This is an example only – please refer to supplier's information and specification



#### APPENDIX: B.3 TYPICAL LINEAR TRACK SYSTEM FOR 660L MGBS



# 660 LITRE LINEAR TRACK SYSTEM

# **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

Elephants Foot 660 Litre bin Linear Track System is a versatile waste handling solution for many types of multi-storey or multi-level developments. The Linear Track System collects waste or recycling being disposed from the floors above through the chute system, discharging the material via a hopper that feeds the bins. Electromechanically driven with automated operation, the system utilises linear motion to automatically change over full bins. Once all the bins are filled, an indicator light will illuminate signifying that the bins are ready for withdrawal and collection. Available with or without compaction unit, our standard 660 litre bin Linear Track System is available in standard 2 or 3. Our 4 Bin option is available as a special order.



# **SPECIFICATIONS**

System Control	Electric PLC
Power Supply	415 V AC / 10A / 5 PIN
Motor Size (kW)	0.55
Maximum bin load	265 kg
Noise (dBA)	<85
Bin Size (L)	660
Cycle time (sec)	60
Bin Quantity options	2, 3, or 4

# **OPTIONAL EXTRAS**

- Compaction unit Please refer to the bin compactor product information sheet for details and specifications
- Enhanced safety add on's Interlocking barriers, occupancy sensors or safety light curtains (presence sensing light barriers)
- · Full bin SMS and email notification
- · CMMS and BMS integration
- · Extend warranty Terms and conditions apply

## STANDARD FEATURES & BENEFITS

- Simple operation with user friendly controls
- · Increased waste servicing efficiency for the development
- · Automatic system control with manual override
- · Robust unit construction for long performance life
- Low service and maintain costs
- · Rotating flashing beacon (activated during operation)
- Quiet and efficient system operation
- · Maximise safety for residents, caretakers and collectors
- Restrained design with minimal moving parts
- Can suit low ceiling clearances
- Floor contact components fully galvanised steel
- Retro fitting options to suit other chutes systems
- Compliant with relevant Building Codes and Standards
- Standard 12 month warranty



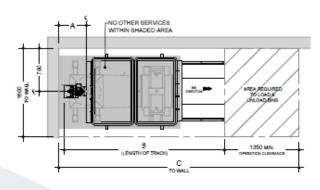




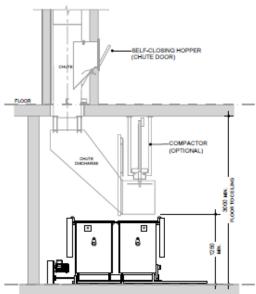
# 660 LITRE LINEAR TRACK SYSTEM

No. of Bins	Reference (mm)		
NO. OF BIRS	Α	В	С
2	500	2950	4350
3	1450	4650	6050
4	2300	6300	7750

Available with or without compaction unit, our standard 240 litre bin Linear Track System can support 2, 3 or 4 bin quantities.







#### Notes:

Bins not provided by Elephants Foot

Drawings shown are for general information purposes only and provide minimum equipment spacial requirements for waste room design.

These drawings are not intended for site specific use or for construction. Each project is unique and will be designed to suit.

Additional equipment options, systems and configurations are available. For design assessment, information and advice, please contact an Elephants Foot design consultant on 1300 435 374

Please Note: This is an example only - please refer to supplier's information and specification



#### APPENDIX: B.4 TYPICAL LINEAR TRACK SYSTEM FOR 1100L MGBS



# 1100 LITRE LINEAR TRACK SYSTEM

# PRODUCT INFORMATION

Elephants Foot 1100 Litre bin Linear Track System is a versatile waste handling solution for many types of multi-storey or multi-level developments. The Linear Track System collects waste or recycling being disposed from the floors above through the chute system, discharging the material via a hopper that feeds the bins. Electromechanically driven with automated operation, the system utilises linear motion to automatically change over full bins. Once all the bins are filled, an indicator light will illuminate signifying that the bins are ready for withdrawal and collection. Available with or without compaction unit, our standard 660 litre bin Linear Track System is available in the standard 2 bin option. Our 3 Bin option is available as a special order.



# SPECIFICATIONS

System Control	Electric PLC	
Power Supply	415 V AC / 10A / 5 PIN	
Motor Size (kW)	1.1	
Maximum bin load	440 kg	
Noise (dBA)	<85	
Bin Size (L)	1100	
Cycle time (sec)	60	
Bin Quantity options	2 or 3	

# OPTIONAL EXTRAS

- Compaction unit Please refer to the bin compactor product information sheet for details and specifications
- Enhanced safety add on's Interlocking barriers, occupancy sensors or safety light curtains (presence sensing light barriers)
- · Full bin SMS and email notification
- · CMMS and BMS integration
- · Extend warranty Terms and conditions apply

## STANDARD FEATURES & BENEFITS

- · Simple operation with user friendly controls
- · Increased waste servicing efficiency for the development.
- · Automatic system control with manual override
- · Robust unit construction for long performance life
- Low service and maintain costs
- · Rotating flashing beacon (activated during operation)
- · Quiet and efficient system operation
- · Maximise safety for residents, caretakers and collectors
- · Restrained design with minimal moving parts
- Can suit low ceiling clearances
- · Floor contact components fully galvanised steel
- · Retro fitting options to suit other chutes systems
- Compliant with relevant Building Codes and Standards
- · Standard 12 month warranty



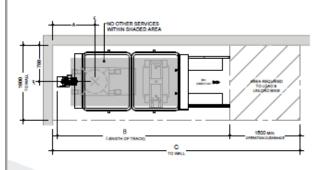


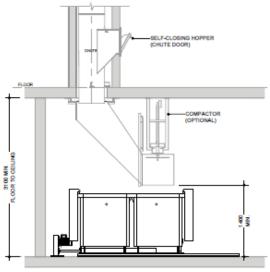


# 1,100 LITRE LINEAR TRACK SYSTEM

No. of Bins		Reference (mm)	)
No. or bins	Α	В	С
2	900	3700	5300
3	2100	5940	7550

Available with or without compaction unit, our standard 1100 litre bin Linear Track System is available in the standard 2 bin option. Our 3 Bin option is available as a special order.





#### Notes:

Bins not provided by Elephants Foot

Drawings shown are for general information purposes only and provide minimum equipment spacial requirements for waste room design.

These drawings are not intended for site specific use or for construction. Each project is unique and will be designed to suit.

Additional equipment options, systems and configurations are available. For design assessment, information and advice, please contact an Elephants Foot design consultant on 1300 435 374

Please Note: This is an example only – please refer to supplier's information and specification



#### APPENDIX: B.5 TYPICAL CAROUSEL SYSTEM FOR 660L MGBS



# 660 LITRE CAROUSEL SYSTEM

# PRODUCT INFORMATION

Elephants Foot 660 Litre bin Carousel System is a versatile waste handling solution for many types of multi-storey or multi-level developments. The Carousel System collects waste or recycling being disposed from the floors above through the chute system, discharging the material via a hopper that feeds the bins positioned on the unit. Electromechanically driven with automated operation, the Carousel System automatically replaces full bins by a revolving circular platform. Once all the bins on the system are filled, an indicator light will illuminate signifying that the bins are ready for withdrawal and collection. Available with or without compection unit, our standard 660litre bin Carousel System is available in standard 2, 3 or 4 bin options. Our 5 Bin option is available as a special order.



# SPECIFICATIONS

System Control	Electric PLC
Power Supply	415 V AC / 10A / 5 PIN
Motor Size (kW)	0.37
Maximum bin load	265 kg
Noise (dBA)	<85
Bin Size (L)	660
Cycle time (sec)	60
Bin Quantity options	2, 3, 4 or 5

# **OPTIONAL EXTRAS**

- Compaction unit Please refer to the bin compactor product information sheet for details and specifications
- Enhanced safety add on's Interlocking barriers, occupancy sensors or safety light curtains (presence sensing light barriers)
- · Full bin SMS and email notification
- · CMMS and BMS integration
- · Extend warranty Terms and conditions apply

## STANDARD FEATURES & BENEFITS

- · Simple operation with user friendly controls
- · Increased waste servicing efficiency for the development.
- · Automatic system control with manual override
- · Robust unit construction for long performance life
- Low service and maintain costs
- · Rotating flashing beacon (activated during operation)
- · Quiet and efficient system operation
- · Maximise safety for residents, caretakers and collectors
- · Restrained design with minimal moving parts
- · Can suit low ceiling clearances
- · Floor contact components fully galvanised steel
- · Retro fitting options to suit other chutes systems
- Compliant with relevant Building Codes and Standards
- · Standard 12 month warranty





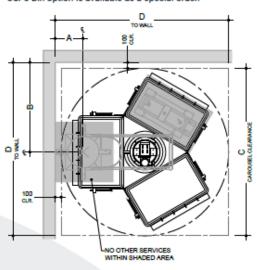


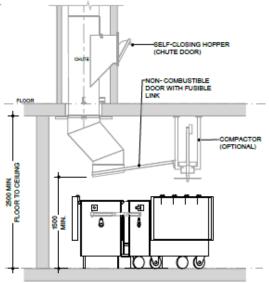
# 660 LITRE CAROUSEL SYSTEM

No. of Bins	Reference (mm)			
NO. OF BIRS	Α	В	C	D
2	500	1450	2700	2850
3	500	1550	2850	2950
4	500	1750	3300	3450
5	500	2050	3760	3900



Available with or without compaction unit, our standard 660litre bin Carousel System is available in standard 2, 3 or 4 bin options. Our 5 Bin option is available as a special order.





#### Notes:

Bins not provided by Elephants Foot

Drawings shown are for general information purposes only and provide minimum equipment spacial requirements for waste room design.

These drawings are not intended for site specific use or for construction. Each project is unique and will be designed to suit.

Additional equipment options, systems and configurations are available. For design assessment, information and advice, please contact an Elephants Foot design consultant on 1300 435 374

Please Note: This is an example only - please refer to supplier's information and specification



#### APPENDIX: B.6 EXAMPLE CAROUSEL SYSTEM FOR 1100L MGBS



# 1100 LITRE CAROUSEL SYSTEM

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

Elephants Foot 1100 Litre bin Carousel System is a versatile waste handling solution for many types of multi-storey or multi-level developments. The Carousel System collects waste or recycling being disposed from the floors above through the chute system, discharging the material via a hopper that feeds the bins positioned on the unit. Electromechanically driven with automated operation, the Carousel System automatically replaces full bins by a revolving circular platform. Once all the bins on the system are filled, an indicator light will illuminate signifying that the bins are ready for withdrawal and collection. Available with or without compaction unit, our standard 660/litre bin Carousel System is available in standard 2, 3 or 4 bin options. Our 5 Bin option is available as a special order.



### SPECIFICATIONS

System Control	Electric PLC
Power Supply	415 V AC / 10A / 5 PIN
Motor Size (kW)	0.37
Maximum bin load	440 kg
Noise (dBA)	<85
Bin Size (L)	660
Cycle time (sec)	60
Bin Quantity options	2, 3, 4 or 5

## **OPTIONAL EXTRAS**

- Compaction unit Please refer to the bin compactor product information sheet for details and specifications
- Enhanced safety add on's Interlocking barriers, occupancy sensors or safety light curtains (presence sensing light barriers)
- · Full bin SMS and email notification
- · CMMS and BMS integration
- · Extend warranty Terms and conditions apply

### STANDARD FEATURES & BENEFITS

- · Simple operation with user friendly controls
- · Increased waste servicing efficiency for the development.
- Automatic system control with manual override
- · Robust unit construction for long performance life
- Low service and maintain costs
- Rotating flashing beacon (activated during operation)
- · Quiet and efficient system operation
- · Maximise safety for residents, caretakers and collectors
- · Restrained design with minimal moving parts
- · Can suit low ceiling clearances
- · Floor contact components fully galvanised steel
- Retro fitting options to suit other chutes systems
- · Compliant with relevant Building Codes and Standards
- · Standard 12 month warranty



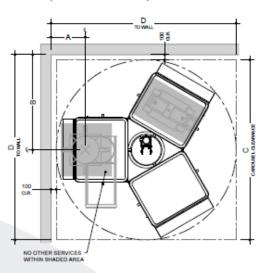


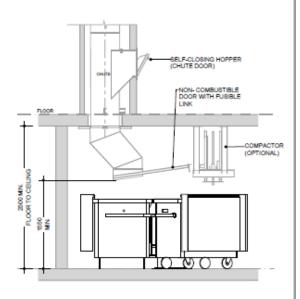


# 1,100 LITRE CAROUSEL SYSTEM

No. of Bins	Reference (mm)				
NO. OF BIRS	Α	В	С	D	
2	650	1700	3200	3350	
3	650	1850	3460	3600	
4	650	2050	3940	4050	

Available with or without compaction unit, our standard 1100 litre bin Carousel System is available in standard 2, 3 or 4 bin options. Our 5 Bin option is available as a special order.





#### Notes:

Bins not provided by Elephants Foot

Drawings shown are for general information purposes only and provide minimum equipment spacial requirements for waste room design.

These drawings are not intended for site specific use or for construction. Each project is unique and will be designed to suit.

Additional equipment options, systems and configurations are available. For design assessment, information and advice, please contact an Elephants Foot design consultant on 1300 435 374

Please Note: This is an example only – please refer to supplier's information and specification



APPENDIX C: PRIMARY WASTE MANAGEMENT PROVISIONS



#### APPENDIX: C.1 TYPICAL BIN SPECIFICATIONS

#### **Mobile bins**

Mobile bins come in a variety of sizes and are designed for lifting and emptying by purpose-built equipment.

Mobile bins with capacities of up to 1700L must comply with AS4123.6-2006 Mobile waste containers which specifies standard sizes and sets out the colour designations for the bodies and lids of mobile waste containers indicating the type of materials they are used to collect.

The most common bin sizes are provided below, although not all sizes are shown. The dimensions are a guide only and differ slightly between manufacturers. Some bins have flat or domed lids and are used with different lifting devices. Refer to *AS4123.6-2006* for further details.

Table G1.1: Average dimension ranges for two-wheel mobile bins



Wheelie bin

Bin capacity	80L	120L		140L		240L	360L
Height (mm)	870	940	1065	1080	1100		
Depth (mm)	530	530		540		735	820
Width (mm)	450	485		500		580	600
Approximate footprint (m²)	0.24	0.26-0.33	3	0.27-0.33		0.41- 0.43	0.49
Approximate weight (kg)	8.5	9.5		10.4		15.5	23
Approximate maximum load (kg)	32	48		56		96	Not known

Sources include Sulo, Single Waste, Cleanaway, SUEZ, just wheelie bins and Perth Waste for two-wheel mobile bins

Table G1.2: Average dimension ranges for four-wheel bulk bins



Bin capacity	660L	770L	1100L	1300L	1700L
Height (mm)	1250	1425	1470	1480	1470
Depth (mm)	850	1100	1245	1250	1250
Width (mm)	1370	1370	1370	1770	1770
Approx footprint (m²)	0.86-1.16	1.51	1.33-1.74	2.21	2.21
Approx weight (kg)	45	Not known	65	Not known	Not known
Approx maximum load (kg)	310	Not known	440	Not known	Not known

Dome or flat lid container

Sources include Sulo, Signal Waste, Cleanaway, SUEZ, Just Wheelie Bins and Perth Waste



#### APPENDIX: C.2 SIGNAGE FOR WASTE AND RECYCLING BINS

#### Waste signs

Signs and educational materials perform several functions including:

- · informing residents why it is important to recover resources and protect the environment
- providing clear instructions on how to use the bins and services provided
- alerting people to any dangers or hazards within the bin storage areas.

All waste, recycling and organic bins should be Australian Standard colours and clearly and correctly labelled, such as by a sticker on the lid and/or the body of the bin.

Communal bin storage areas should be clearly signposted with signs outlining how to correctly separate waste into the bins provided. The local council responsible for waste services may be a good source of signs and posters and can advise on what signs are suitable.

Information on who to contact to find out more about the recycling and/or other resource recovery services in the building should also be displayed in communal areas, such as on a noticeboard.

The Planet Ark website also has resources available free of charge for use by businesses and councils. These signs can be found at <a href="mailto:businessescycling.com.au/research/signage.cfm">businessescycling.com.au/research/signage.cfm</a>

Figure I1.1: Examples of waste wall posters (EPA supplied)



Figure I1.2: Examples of bin lid stickers (EPA supplied)





#### **Problem waste signs**

The EPA has also produced a range of images and signs that can be used for problem wastes, such as fluoro globes and tubes, household and car batteries, e-waste and smoke detectors. To access these resources, contact the NSW EPA. Some examples are shown below.

Figure I2.1: Problem waste signs



#### Safety signs

The use of safety signs for waste resource recovery rooms must comply with AS1319 Safety signs for occupational environments. Safety signs must be used to regulate and control safety related to behaviour, warn of hazards and provide emergency information, including fire protection information. Suitable signs should be decided for each development as required.

Figure I3.1: Example safety signs





#### APPENDIX: C.3 EXAMPLE COLLECTION VEHICLE INFORMATION

#### General

Appropriate heavy rigid vehicle standards should be incorporated into the road and street designs in new developments where onsite collections are proposed. Road and street designs must comply with relevant Acts, regulations, guidelines, and codes administered by Austroads, Standards Australia, NSW Roads and Maritime Services, WorkSafe NSW and any local council traffic requirements.

Applicants and building designers should consult with councils and other relevant authorities before designing new roads or streets and access points for waste collection vehicles to establish specific design requirements.

Table H4.1: Australian Standards for turning circles for medium and heavy rigid class vehicles

Vehicle class	Overall length (m)	Design width (m)	Design turning radius (m)	Swept circle (m)	Clearance (travel) height (m)
Medium rigid vehicle	8.80	2.5	10.0	21.6	4.5
Heavy rigid vehicle	12.5	2.5	12.5	27.8	4.5

Source: Better Practice Guide For Resource Recovery In Residential Developments 2019, NSW Environmental Protection Authority

#### Large collection vehicles

Waste collection vehicles may be side-loading, rear-loading, front-lift-loading, hook or crane lift trucks. Vehicle dimensions vary by collection service, manufacturer, make and model. It is not possible to provide definitive dimensions, so architects and developers should consult with the local council and/or contractors.

The following characteristics represent typical collection vehicles and are provided for guidance only. Reference to AS2890.2 Parking facilities: off-street commercial vehicle facilities for detailed requirements, including vehicle dimensions, is recommended.

Table B2.1: Collection vehicle dimensions

Vehicle type	Rear-loading	Side-loading*	Front-lift- loading	Hook truck	Crane truck
Length overall (m)	10.5	9.6	11.8	10.0	10.0
Width overall (m)	2.5	2.5	2.5	3.0	2.5
Travel height (m)	3.9	3.6	4.8	4.7	3.8
Operational height for loading (m)	3.9	4.2	6.5	3.0	8.75
Vehicle tare weight (t)	13.1	11.8	16.7	13.0	13.0
Maximum payload (t)	10.0	10.8	11.0	14.5	9.5
Turning circle (m)	25.0	21.4	25.0	25.0	18

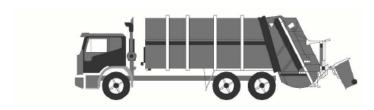
<sup>\*</sup> The maximum reach of a side arm is 3 m.

Sources: JJ Richards, SUEZ, MacDonald Johnson, Cleanaway, Garwood, Ros Roca, Bingo and Edbro. Figures shown represent the maximum dimensions for each vehicle type.



#### Rear-loading collection vehicles

These vehicles are commonly used for domestic waste collections from MUDs and RFBs and sometimes for recycling. They can be used to collect waste stored in mobile bins or bulk bins, particularly where bins are not presented at the kerbside. They are also used for collecting bulky waste.



Rear-loading waste collection vehicle

#### Side-loading collection vehicles

This is the most commonly used vehicle for domestic waste, recycling and organics collections. It is only suitable for collecting mobile bins up to 360L in capacity.



Side-loading waste collection vehicle

#### Front-lift-loading collection vehicles

These vehicles are commonly used for collecting commercial and industrial waste. They can only collect specially designed front-lift bulk bins and not mobile bins.



Front-lift-loading waste collection vehicle

#### Small collection vehicles

Typically, councils and their contractors operate with large collection vehicles (heavy rigid class vehicles) because they carry greater payloads and allow for more cost-effective collection services. Some councils, or their contractors, may have smaller collection vehicles in their fleet. Early discussion with the council is important to confirm this, but it should not be assumed that the council will have access to small collection vehicles.

The waste management systems and the location of the collection point should always be designed so that the council can provide the standard domestic waste service.



# APPENDIX D: SECONDARY WASTE MANAGEMENT PROVISIONS



#### APPENDIX: D.1 EXAMPLE HANDHELD BIN MOVERS



## MOVEXX T2500 BIN MOVER BATTERY ELECTRIC

Movesor T2500 Tow Tug is an extremely user friendly battery powered mobile towing unit that is ideal for applications where trolleys and rolling objects need to be moved from one place to another simply, efficiently and without physical effort. Some standard features included are: battery indicator, on board battery charger, battery, adjustable handle, dual speed and electric brake.

These units are fitted with an electromagnetic brake system for use on ramps and slopes

#### Features

- · Electromagnetic brake for use on ramps and slopes
- Adjustable height handle



SPEC	IFICATION				ali.
MODEL	DIMENSIONS (MM)	OPTIONS		PULL - PUSH CAPACITY (KG)	BATTERY
T2500-D	511 (w) × 757 (l)	* Centre mount 2x 240 lt. wheelie	e bin attachment	2500	AGM batteries 2x 85AH up to 8 hrs continuous operation
1	OWING CAPACITY - ON F	LAT GROUND ( all models)		TOWING CAPACITY - SLOPE	( all models)
	Towing up to 4x 66	50 lt. Wheelie Bin	Towing up to 2:	x 660 lt. Wheelie Bin Up / Dow	n maximum 25% (1:4 slope)
	Towing up to 4x 11	00 lt. Wheelle Bin	Towing up to 1x	1100 lt. Wheelie Bin Up / Dov	vn maximum 25% (1:4 slope
			**Ele	ctromagnetic brake for use on	ramps and slopes



Please Note: This is an example only – please contact supplier for specific recommendations.

Source: Sitecraft - <u>www.sitecraft.net.au</u>



#### **EXAMPLE SEATED BIN MOVERS** APPENDIX: D.2



# MOTREC MT180 36V BATTERY ELECTRIC BIN MOVER

This hardworking tow device delivers outstanding performance. With its

efficient motor and 4,500kg push-pull capacity.

The MT180 is ideal for moving bin trailer also narrow enough to fit through most door openings. From its all-steel construction

to its all-wheel brailing, this tow tractor is built for years of heavy use in total comfort and safety. All this combined with superior AC technology makes short work of though requests.

- Front & rear brakes
- Preumatic Tyres
   Comfortable ergonomic adjustable seat.
- Complete with headlight, break lights, tailing lights & hom



MODEL	DIMENSIONS (MM)	OPTIONAL EXTRAS	PULL - PUSH CAPACITY (KG)	BATTERY
		Flashing light on pole		
V3E 081TN	760 (w) x 2030 (l)	Conditional registration kit	4500	48V TPPL battery pack
W1100 30V	x 1160 (h)	Cabin includes windscreen	4500	157AH
		Weather Curtains		

Towing up to 4x 1100 lt. Wheelie Bin Up / Down maximum 25% (1:4 slope)



Please Note: This is an example only – please contact supplier for specific recommendations.

Source: Sitecraft - <u>www.sitecraft.net.au</u>



#### APPENDIX: D.3 EXAMPLE BIN TRAILERS



# BIN TRAILER

Bin trailer suitable for moving 240lt, 660lt and 1,100lt bins including a 1200mm rear ramp complete with locking latches and gas strut assist. Height draw bar fitted with a jockey wheel large pneumatic tyres with precision bearing hubs





MODEL	DIMENSION (MM)	SUITABLE FOR MOVING	PART NUMBERS	REAR RAMP DIMENSION (MM)	
	Internal - 1560 (I) x 1200 (w)	4x 240lt. Wheelie Bin		1200	
4x Bins Trailer	_	2x 660lt. Wheelie Bin	78811604	1200mm rear ramp complete with positive locking and gas strut assis	
	External - 2300 (I) x 1500	1x 110lt. Wheelie Bin		positive locality and gas struct a.	
6x Bins Trailer		1200mm rear ramp complete with positive locking and gas strut assis			
	External - 3100 (I) x 1500 (w)	2x 1100lt. Wheelie Bin		positive locking and gas struct assi-	
	Internal - 3200 (I) x 1200 (w)	8x 240lt. Wheelie Bin		200	
8x Bins Trailer	Term between the second	4x 660lt. Wheelie Bin	78811066	1200mm rear ramp complete with positive locking and gas strut assis	
	External - 3900 (I) x 1500 (w)	3x 1100lt. Wheelie Bin		positive locking and gas struct assis	
	Internal - 3900 (I) x 1200 (w)	10x 240lt. Wheelie Bin			
L0x Bins Trailer	Total of Control of Marketine Control	5x 660lt. Wheelie Bin	78811067	1200mm rear ramp complete with positive locking and gas strut assis	
	External - 4600 (I) x 1500 (w)	4x 1100lt, Wheelie Bin		positive locking and gas strut assis	

• Upgrade Includes : Lights | Wiring | Suspension | aaa Tyres | Compliance Plate

Please Note: This is an example only – please contact supplier for specific recommendations.

Source: Sitecraft - <u>www.sitecraft.net.au</u>



APPENDIX: D.4 **EXAMPLE BIN TOWING ATTACHMENTS** 



# **UNIVERSAL BIN** TOWING ATTACHMENTS SUITE 660LT / 1100LT WHEELIE BINS

#### **PARTS & FEATURES** Front Only - Part Number: 78811672 . Suit Sulo & Otto 600lt / 1100lt MGBs Spring loaded draw bar folds up No drilling of holes in the bin required · Solidly fixed to the base of the bin using the castor mounting bolts · Correct Rear Fixed or Directional Lock castors should be used Rear Only - Part Number: 78811673 . Suit Sulo & Otto 600lt / 1100lt MGBs No drilling of holes in the bin required Solidly fixed to the base of the bin using the castor mounting bolts · Passivated zinc finish for long life · Correct Rear Fixed or Directional Lock castors should be used For Steel Bin Front Only - Part Number: 78811781 . Suit Sulo & Otto 600it / 1100it MGBs . No drilling of holes in the bin required . Solidly fixed to the base of the bin using the castor mounting bolts · Correct Rear Fixed or Directional Lock castors should be used Direction Lock: 53191001 . Suit Sulo & Otto 600lt / 1100lt MGBs . No drilling of holes in the bin required . Solidly fixed to the base of the bin using the castor mounting bolts





Please Note: This is an example only – please contact supplier for specific recommendations.

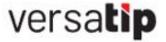
Source: Sitecraft - www.sitecraft.net.au

· Correct Rear Fixed or Directional Lock castors should be used

· Passivated zinc finish for long life



#### APPENDIX: D.5 EXAMPLE BIN LIFTER FOR 240L BINS



# Versatip Bin Tipper - 1500mm Tip



## Specifications

Product Code	69121009
Product Name	1500mm Tip – Battery Powered
Capacity (kg)	250
Height (mm)	2085
Length (mm)	1330
Power Source	Battery Powered
Tipping Height (mm)	1500
Width (mm)	990

Please Note: This is an example only – please contact supplier for specific recommendations.

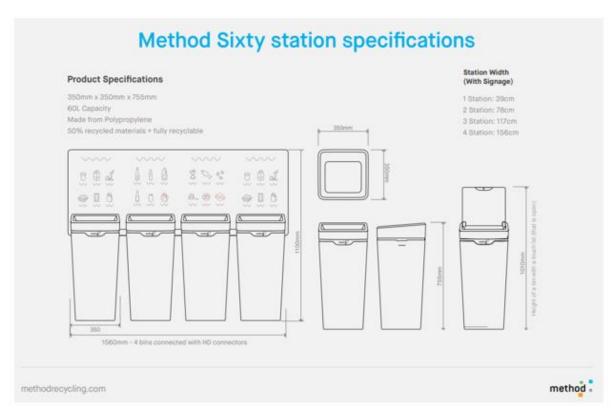
Source: Elephants Foot Equipment - <a href="www.elephantsfoot.com.au/equipment/">www.elephantsfoot.com.au/equipment/</a>



#### APPENDIX: D.6 EXAMPLE SOURCE SEPARATION RECEPTACLES







Source: Method Recycling - <u>www.methodrecycling.com</u>